

London Borough of Redbridge Local and National Planning Application Requirement List – Updated April 2022



## National Requirements – In line with the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (ENG) Order 2015

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
Completed Application Form	All	Completed Application Form – All necessary and required elements of the application form filled in,	National Planning Policy Framework https://www.gov.uk/government/	National Planning Policy Guidance - Making an Application: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making</a>
		correctly.	<u>publications/national-planning-</u> <u>policy-framework2</u>	g-an-application
Ownership and Agricultural Holdings Certificate	All	Under the 1990 Town and Country Planning Act (read in conjunction with Article 7 of the General Development Procedure Order 1995) all applications for planning permission must be accompanied by the relevant certificates concerning the ownership of the application site. Please ensure you have completed the Ownership Certificate (A, B, C or D as applicable), (except for advertisement consent only applications), and the declaration. Ensure you sign and date each of these sections — otherwise, your application will be invalid.	National Planning Policy Framework https://www.gov.uk/government/ publications/national-planning- policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
		For a certificate an 'owner' is anyone with a freehold interest or a leasehold interest the unexpired term of which is not less than 7 years. Certificate A must be completed when the applicant is the sole owner of the site.  Certificate B must be completed when all the owner(s) of the site are known. If Certificate B has been completed notice must be served on all the owners of the site in question. Certificate C must be completed when some of the owners of the site are known but not all. Certificate D must be completed when none of the owners of the site are known. The Agricultural Holdings  Certificate is required whether or not the site includes an agricultural holding.		
Design and Access Statement (DAS)	Major applications; listed building consents; applications for one or more new residential units; and applications where the floor space created is	Report to illustrate the process that has led to the finally submitted development proposal, explaining the approach, justification, and detail of the design, and to describe the standards of accessibility that would be designed into the	National Planning Policy Framework https://www.gov.uk/government/ publications/national-planning- policy-framework2  For Inclusive Design London Plan Policy: D5	Design and Access Statement: - Planning Portal Guidance: https://www.planningportal.co.uk/fa qs/faq/51/what is a design and ac cess statement

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
	100sqm or more within a conservation area.	development, such as M4(2) and M4(3).  An inclusive design statement should be included within the Design and Access Statement or as a separate document, demonstrating how developments are designed for all, including allowing independent access for disabled users and suitable means of emergency escape.		
Site Location Plan	All	Up to date map at a scale of 1:1250 or 1:2500. Application site boundary must be clearly edged with a red line & include all land required for the proposed development. Any other land within the control or ownership of the applicant, that is adjacent or close to the application site, should be edged with a blue line. Also required: An arrow indicating the direction of North, and at least two surrounding named roads.	National Planning Policy Framework https://www.gov.uk/government/ publications/national-planning- policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application

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Block Plan	All	A site plan at a scale of either 1:200 or 1:500 accurately showing; direction of north, proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on site, all neighbouring buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site including access arrangements and all public rights of way crossing or adjoining the site.	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application
Floor Plans	All	Drawings at a scale of 1:50/1:100 /1:200 showing floorplans of the existing building(s) & the proposed building(s), identifying each relevant floor/part floor, roof, and means of access. Where possible, please show existing and proposed floor plans next to each other. Where existing buildings or walls are to be demolished, these must be clearly shown.  The proposed plans should be shown in context with the site boundary and any existing adjacent buildings. Applications for change	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application:

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
		of use need to be accompanied by floor plans annotated where helpful to indicate the extent of the existing and proposed use within the land or building.		https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application
Elevations	All applications – excluding applications for changes of use with no external changes	Drawings at a scale of 1:50/1:100/1:200, illustrating all relevant external parts. Where possible, please show existing and proposed elevations next to each other.  Where a proposed elevation adjoins another building, or is in close proximity, the drawing should clearly show the relationship between the buildings & detail the relative positions of openings, parapets, levels etc. on each property.  Blank elevations (e.g. end elevations which are blank) should also be included for clarity.	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application
Roof Plans	All applications that involve changes to roofs or are for new buildings.	To show shape and materials of roofs at scale of 1:50/1:100/1:200.	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework2	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before-submitting-an-application">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before-submitting-an-application</a> Making an Application: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-an-application">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-an-application</a>

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
Sections and Site Levels	All major applications	Drawings at a scale of 1:50/1:100/1:200 showing cross-sections through the proposed buildings containing details of existing site levels, and finished floor levels with the levels related to a fixed datum point offsite, and showing the proposals in relation to adjoining buildings. Use spot levels and cross/long sections as necessary. Annotation may be very useful.	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework2	When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application  National Planning Policy Guidance — Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/before -submitting-an-application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/makin g-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/deter mining-a-planning-application
Fire Statement	National requirement:  All applications (made on or after 1 August 2021) providing,	National requirement:  Fire statements must be submitted on a form published by the Secretary of State (or a form to similar effect) (see Annex C) and contain the particulars specified	This forms Building Safety: Planning Gateway One  https://www.gov.uk/guidance/building-safety-planning-gatewayone	Templates for the national Fire Statement requirements are available here: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/planning-application-">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/planning-application-</a>

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
		<ul> <li>What information is required:</li> <li>or referred to in the form, which includes information about (not exhaustive list):</li> <li>the principles, concepts and approach relating to fire safety that have been applied to each building in the development</li> <li>the site layout</li> <li>emergency vehicle access and water supplies for firefighting purposes</li> <li>what, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to the fire safety of the development; and what account has been taken of this</li> <li>how any policies relating to fire safety in relevant local development documents have been taken into account.</li> </ul>	Policy Relating to Requirements:	forms-templates-for-local-planning-authorities  Applicants should ensure they meet the requirements of both national requirements and London Plan policies in their Fire Statement.  The focus of this statement is on fire safety so far as it is relevant to land use planning.  Exception regarding Fire Statement under paragraph 6: <a href="https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2021/746/article/4/made">https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2021/746/article/4/made</a> Further guidance: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/fire-safety-and-high-rise-residential-buildings-from-1-august-2021">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/fire-safety-and-high-rise-residential-buildings-from-1-august-2021</a>
		NB: You may need to submit both a Fire statement form using the template on the gov.uk website, as well as a separate statement to		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
		demonstrate compliance with		
		the London Plan requirements.		
		Exemptions: Applications for planning permission will be exempt from the requirement to submit a fire statement where the application is for:  • a material change in use of a relevant building and the material change of use would result in the building no longer being a relevant building  • a material change in use of land or buildings within the curtilage of a relevant building and the material change of use would not result in the provision of one or more relevant buildings  • outline planning permission • permission to develop land without compliance with conditions under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990		

Validation	Applications which	What information is required:	Policy Relating to Requirements:	Guidance Information:
Requirement:	require this:			
Appropriate	All	Full payment at the time of	https://www.gov.uk/government/	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/fees-
Fee		submission through the Planning	publications/national-planning-	for-planning-applications
		Portal.	policy-framework2	
		Redbridge automated phone		
		payment by debit or credit card		
		(02087084708) – this service		
		cannot be used to make payments		
		on submission through the		
		Planning Portal.		

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that these are national requirements and are essential for the validation and timely processing of your application. Please seek additional guidance from the Council via our pre-application advice services (<a href="https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning/">https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning/</a>). Alternatively, you can contact a private planning consultant to advise you (<a href="https://www.rtpiconsultants.co.uk/#/">https://www.rtpiconsultants.co.uk/#/</a>).

- 1. If an application is made invalid.
- 2. If a satisfactory response to an invalid letter is not received within the 28-day expiry period (the expiry date will be stated on the invalid letter).
- 3. If a statutory application fee is requested to be transferred from a previous closed invalid application to a new submission.
- 4. If an invalid application is withdrawn after notification that it is invalid (this charge will be deducted from any refund).

<sup>\*</sup>All drawings must clearly be labelled as proposed or existing (or existing and pre-existing for retrospective applications). Applications will be made invalid for incorrectly labelled plans.

<sup>\*</sup>All plans must be submitted as separate single page PDF files. Other document types, or multiple page combined PDF files, will not be accepted. All other submitted documents should also be in PDF format (including photographs). Applications will be made invalid for incorrectly formatted plans/documents.

<sup>\*</sup>All drawings must state the scale and/or include a scale bar showing lengths of 1m and 10m.

<sup>\*</sup>Administration and other charges may be applicable to your application. These are required for validation and are detailed online - these are separate to the statutory application fee (<a href="https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/details-of-fees-and-charges/">https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/details-of-fees-and-charges/</a>).

<sup>\*</sup>Administration charges (£200 for major applications, £120 for non-major commercial/new residential unit applications, £60 for all other applications) can be applied for the following reasons –

## **Local Requirements**

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
Air Quality Assessment (AQA)	All Major applications	All applications which require	Local Plan Policy: LP 24 –	NPPG: Air Quality
		an AQA	Pollution	https://www.gov.uk/guidance
		should be supported by such		/air-quality3
		information as is necessary to	London Plan: SI 1	
		allow a full consideration of		NPPG: Open Spaces (for
		the impact of the proposal on	London Mayor's Sustainable	reference only)
		the air quality of the area and	Design and Construction SPG	https://www.gov.uk/guidance
		the impact of existing air		<u>/open-space-sports-and-</u>
		quality on the proposed	London Mayor's Control of	recreation-facilities-public-
		development.	Dust and Emissions during	rights-of-way-and-local-green-
			Construction and Demolition	<u>space</u>
		Assessment to provide details	SPG	
		of how a scheme (or other		
		sensitive uses) will be	Please also see NPPF, where	Redbridge 2020-2025 Air
		successfully accommodated	relevant.	Quality Action Plan
		with the area of particularly		https://www.redbridge.gov.uk
		significant air quality. An		/media/8046/aqap-executive-
		impacts assessment will also		summary.pdf
		be required to include		
		necessary information to		
		allow a full consideration of		
		the impact of the proposal		
		upon the air quality of the		
		area (LP 24)		
		Assessment of the impacts of		
		a scheme on local air pollution		
		should include fixed plant,		
		·		
		such as boiler and emergency		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		generators, as well as		
		expected transport-related		
		sources. The impact		
		assessment part of an Air		
		Quality Assessment should		
		always include all relevant		
		pollutants. Industrial, waste		
		and other working sites may		
		need to include on-site		
		vehicles and mobile machinery		
		as well as fixed machinery and		
		transport sources.		
		Please note that all of		
		Redbridge Borough is in an		
		AQMA		
		For major developments, a		
		preliminary Air Quality		
		Assessment should be carried		
		out before designing the		
		development to inform the		
		design process. The aim of a		
		preliminary assessment is to		
		assess:		
		• The most significant sources		
		of pollution in the area		
		• Constraints imposed on the		
		site by poor air quality		
		<ul> <li>Appropriate land uses for</li> </ul>		
		the site		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		<ul> <li>Appropriate design measures that could be implemented to ensure that development reduces exposure and improves air quality.</li> </ul>		
Air Quality Positive Statement	Major developments with over 150 residential units or sites that are over 5 hectares, or sites that are subject to EIAs.	To comply with the GLA's imminent Air Quality Positive approach guidance, an Air Quality Positive Statement will be required for developments, over 150 residential units or sites that are over 5 hectares, or sites that are subject to EIAs.	London Mayor's Air Quality Positive Guidance London Plan: SI 1	Guidance: https://www.london.gov.uk/si tes/default/files/air_quality_p ositive_lpg_pre- consultation_draft.pdf
Arboriculture Impact Statement/Tree Survey	All Applications where trees within or adjacent to the site may be affected by the development.	This information should be prepared by a qualified arboriculturalist to British Standard BS 5837:2012, Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction.  It should include: Arboriculture report, tree survey/classification, tree protection plan and method statement.	Local Plan Policy: LP38 – Protecting Trees and Enhancing the Landscape See also: LP 31 London Plan: G5, G6, G7 Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	Guidance: BS5837:2012, LBR: Trees and Landscaping SPD, NPPG: Trees https://www.gov.uk/guidance /tree-preservation-orders- and-trees-in-conservation- areas  CAVAT, https://www.ltoa.org.uk/reso urces/cavat

London Plan Policy G7 Trees and Woodlands necessitates the removal of trees there should be adequate replacement based on the existing value of the benefits of the trees removed, determined by, for example, itree or CAVAT or another appropriate valuation system.  Contaminated Land Report  All applications with a sensitive end use and on land with high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Beneral: Information is required to be submitted to characterise contamination risks to receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the Management of Land Contamination and 'British	Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
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replacement based on the existing value of the benefits of the trees removed, determined by, for example, itree or CAVAT or another appropriate valuation system.  All applications with a sensitive end use and on land with high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  RIII applications with a sensitive end use and on land with high risk of potential contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination section of the Council website.  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.  Contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination is required to be submitted to characterise.  Local Plan Policy: LP24 — Pollution  London Plan: SD1, G9  Flease also see NPPF, where relevant.  Contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination is required to be submitted to characterise.  Information is required to be submitted to characterise.  Local Plan Policy: LP24 — A checklist and additional guidance for reporting requirements can be contamination in equirements can be submitted to characterise.  Local Plan Policy: LP24 — Pollution  Flease also see NPPF, where			the removal of trees there		
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Contaminated Land Report  All applications with a sensitive end use and on land with high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  All applications with a sensitive end use and on land with high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  A checklist and additional guidance for reporting requirements can be found under the Land Contamination section of the Council website.  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination risks to receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination is required to be submitted to characterise contamination is requirements can be London Plan: SD1, G9  Contamination is required to be submitted to char			T		
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with high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  With high risk of potential contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site on the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Investigations and reports submitted to characterise contamination risks to receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination section of the Council website.  https://www.redbridge.gov//business-and-regeneration/environmental health/pollution/  CLR 11: Model Procedures for the Management of Land  CLR 11: Model Procedures for the Management of Land	Contaminated Land Report	All applications with a	General:	Local Plan Policy: LP24 –	A checklist and additional
contamination in view of the nature of the former use at the site.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Contamination risks to receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination risks to receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  London Plan: SD1, G9  Found under the Land Contamination section of the Council website.  https://www.redbridge.gov/business-and-regeneration/environmenta/health/pollution/  CLR 11: Model Procedures for the Management of Land  CORTAMINATION CONTAMINATION CONTAMINATION CONTAMINATION CONTAMINATION HTTP://www.claire.co.uk/inf			·	Pollution	guidance for reporting
nature of the former use at the site.  receptors at the site and show whether these can be satisfactorily reduced to render the site suitable for its proposed use.  NB: sensitive end uses include: residential, allotments, schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination section of the Council website.  https://www.redbridge.gov/business-and-regeneration/environmenta/health/pollution/  CLR 11: Model Procedures for the Management of Land  Contamination section of the Council website.  https://www.redbridge.gov/business-and-regeneration/environmenta/health/pollution/			submitted to characterise		
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schools, nurseries and crèches, children's playing areas and playing fields.  Investigations and reports submitted should be undertaken in accordance with 'CLR 11: Model procedures for the procedures for the Management of Land  Management of Land    health/pollution/					
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Management of Land <a href="http://www.claire.co.uk/inf">http://www.claire.co.uk/inf</a>					_
					land-library-wall/45-model-
10175:2011+A2:2017   Iand-Ilorary-waii/45-model-					
'Investigation of Potentially procedures procedures					

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		Contaminated Sites - Code of		
		Practice'.		The CL:AIRE Water and Land
				Library comprises a freely
				available, extensive list of links
				to past and present water and
		New build development:		land references published by
		A Phase 1 desk study report		the Environment Agency, AGS,
		should be submitted. Where		BRE, CIRIA and other useful
		the potential for significant		industry publishers
		pollutant linkages has been		https://www.claire.co.uk/infor
		identified, proposals for site		mation-centre/water-and-
		investigations should be		land-library-wall
		included in this report.		
				NPPG: Land Affected by
		Phase 2 Site investigations		Contamination
		may be undertaken at this		https://www.gov.uk/guidance
		stage, particularly where there		<u>/land-affected-by-</u>
		is a significant risk of		<u>contamination</u>
		significant contamination,		
		alternatively, this requirement		NPPG: Hazardous Substances
		can be conditioned on the		https://www.gov.uk/guidance
		planning permission.		/hazardous-substances
Fire Statement	All major applications.	London Plan 2021	London Plan Policy D12 Fire	https://www.london.gov.uk/si
		requirement: The statement	safety	tes/default/files/draft_guidan
		should detail how the		ce sheet fire statements d1
		development proposal will		2 b 070720 web.pdf
		function in terms of:		https://www.london.gov.uk/w
		1) the building's construction:		hat-we-
		methods, products and		do/planning/implementing-
				london-plan/london-plan-

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		materials used, including		guidance-and-spgs/draft-fire-
		manufacturers' details		safety-guidance-pre-
		2) the means of escape for all		consultation-information
		building users: suitably		
		designed stair cores, escape		
		for building users who are		
		disabled or require level		
		access, and associated		
		evacuation strategy approach		
		3)features which reduce the		
		risk to life: fire alarm systems,		
		passive and active fire safety		
		measures and associated		
		management and		
		maintenance plans		
		4) access for fire service		
		personnel and equipment:		
		how this will be achieved in an		
		evacuation situation, water		
		supplies, provision and		
		positioning of equipment,		
		firefighting lifts, stairs and		
		lobbies, any fire suppression		
		and smoke ventilation systems		
		proposed, and the ongoing		
		maintenance and monitoring		
		of these		
		5) how provision will be made		
		within the curtilage of the site		
		to enable fire appliances to		
		gain access to the building		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		6) ensuring that any potential		
		future modifications to the		
		building will take into account		
		and not compromise the base		
		build fire safety/protection		
		measures.		
		Paragraph 3.12.9 of Policy D12		
		explains that Fire Statements		
		should be produced by		
		someone who is:		
		"third-party independent and		
		suitably-qualified"		
		It goes onto explain:		
		"This should be a qualified		
		engineer with relevant		
		experience in fire safety, such		
		as a chartered engineer		
		registered with the		
		Engineering Council by the		
		Institution of Fire Engineers,		
		or suitably qualified and		
		competent professional with		
		the demonstrable experience		
		to address the complexity of		
		the design being proposed.		
		This should be evidenced in		
		the fire statement."		
		A Fire Statement should only		
		be produced by a competent		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		professional. Typically, such a		
		person will be a fire engineer		
		with the ability to		
		demonstrate knowledge and		
		experience relevant to the		
		complexity of the		
		development proposed.		
		Evidence of competency of		
		the author of the Fire		
		Statement should be detailed		
		in a clearly identified section		
		at the beginning of the Fire		
		Statement, and should		
		demonstrate that the author		
		meets the following criteria:		
		a) is a registered fire engineer		
		with the Engineering Council		
		with the post-nominals IEng		
		(Incorporated Engineer) or		
		CEng (Chartered Engineer)		
		after their name, and is		
		registered with the Institute		
		of Fire Engineers with the post		
		nominals <b>MIFireE</b> after their		
		name		
		b) clearly details evidence of		
		suitable training, skills,		
		experience, knowledge and		
		behaviours (relevant to the		
		development in question)		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		indicating the author's ability		
		to write the Fire Statement.		
		NB: You may need to		
		submit both a Fire		
		statement form using the		
		template on the gov.uk		
		website, as well as a		
		separate statement to		
		demonstrate compliance		
		with the London Plan		
		requirements.		
		Exemptions:		
		Applications for planning		
		permission will be exempt		
		from the requirement to		
		submit a fire statement where		
		the application is for:		
		a material change in		
		use of a relevant		
		building and the		
		material change of use		
		would result in the		
		building no longer		
		being a relevant		
		building		
		<ul> <li>a material change in</li> </ul>		
		use of land or		
		buildings within the		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		curtilage of a relevant building and the material change of use would not result in the provision of one or more relevant buildings  outline planning permission permission to develop land without compliance with conditions under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990		
Heritage Statement	All applications that directly affect, or affect the setting of, a statutory listed building; affect the setting of a non-designated heritage asset (locally listed building); or are in a conservation area.	Information must be provided on the following:  Requirement for a Structural Impact Assessment — Schedule of Works for Listed buildings.  The impact on the Outstanding Universal Value of a World Heritage Site, set out in a Statement of Outstanding Universal Value, indicates its	Local Plan Policy: LP33 – Heritage See also LP 34-40  London Plan: HC1-HC5, HC7  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Historic Environment https://www.gov.uk/guidance /conserving-and-enhancing- the-historic-environment  NPPG: Design https://www.gov.uk/guidance /design  Please Consult the LBR Guidance and Character Appraisals on the LBR website: https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /planning-and-

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		importance as a		building/protected-buildings-
		heritage asset of the		and-conservation-areas/
		highest significance.		
		<ul> <li>The significance of the</li> </ul>		Archaeological Priority Area
		heritage asset		Tier Guidance:
		affected, including any		https://historicengland.org.uk
		<ul> <li>contribution made by</li> </ul>		/images-
		their setting;		books/publications/greater-
		The principles of and		london-archaeological-
		justification for the		priority-area-guidelines/
		proposed works; and		
		The impact of the		
		proposal on the		
		significance of a		
		heritage asset and/or		
		does it cause		
		substantial harm or		
		total loss of		
		significance.		
		The information should		
		explain;		
		The sources that you		
		have considered;		
		The expertise that you		
		have consulted; and		
		The steps that have		
		been taken to avoid or		
		minimise any adverse		
		impacts on the		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		significance of the		
		heritage asset.		
		Where a site on which		
		development is proposed		
		includes or has the potential		
		to include heritage assets with		
		archaeological interest,		
		applicants will be required to		
		submit an appropriate desk		
		based assessment and, where		
		necessary, a field evaluation.		
Archaeological Assessment	All applications within	Required where groundworks	Local Plan: LP 33 – Heritage	NPPG: Historic Environment
	Archaeological Priority Areas	are proposed within an		https://www.gov.uk/guidance
	likely to affect important	Archaeological Priority Area.	London Plan: HC1	/conserving-and-enhancing-
	archaeological remains.	Where such proposals include		the-historic-environment
		new basements, extensions to		
	All applications that involve	basements or other extensive		Archaeological Priority Area
	any form of excavation or	groundworks, the results of an		Tier Guidance:
	piling within an Archaeological	archaeological evaluation		https://historicengland.org.uk
	Priority Area.	should be included.		/images-
				books/publications/greater-
	GLAAS requirement tiers 1-4	An assessment of potential		london-archaeological-
		archaeological heritage should		priority-area-guidelines/
		be provided. This should be		
		prepared by a qualified		
		individual or organisation, and		
		should use existing		
		information to establish the		
		archaeological significance of		
		the site and the impact of the		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		proposals on surviving monuments or remains. Small-scale archaeological fieldwork may be required to determine the actual extent and degree of survival on site.		
Hard/Soft Landscaping Plan	All major applications.	You must provide details of the planting of trees and/or shrubs, surface materials, boundary screen walls and fences.  The scheme should describe:  • materials, • species, • tree and plant sizes, numbers and planting densities, • levels, gradients and any earthworks required • timing of the implementation of the scheme.  It should also include proposals for long term maintenance and landscape management, as well as ecological benefits, climate change adaption measures,	Local Plan Policy: LP 26 – Promoting High Quality Design, LP 29 – Amenity and Internal Space Standards, LP 38 – Protecting Trees and Enhancing the Landscape  London Plan: D8, D10, HC1, G1, G3, G4, G5, G9  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Design https://www.gov.uk/guidance /design

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		approaches to trees and sustainable drainage.		
Lighting Assessment	All major applications which contain external lighting; all applications which include, or are for, floodlighting.	The assessment should include information regarding to lighting levels, hours of operation and light spills diagrams, as well as the following:  • wavelength • column heights • layout plan with beam orientation, • equipment design, • impact (inc. levels and extent of spillage) on nearby dwellings or roads or habitats and use of features to mitigate impacts • size/power of light fittings	Local Plan Policy: LP 24 – Pollution See also: LP 27 & LP 28  London Plan: D3, D8, D9, S5  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Light Pollution https://www.gov.uk/guidance /light-pollution
Retail Impact Assessment or Statement	All major applications for retail uses as set out in the Local Plan.	A Retail Impact Assessment should be carried out in accordance with the requirements of LP10 and LP11. The Assessment should consider the factors set out in	Local Plan Policy: LP 9 – Ensuring the Future Vitality and Viability of Town Centres, LP 10 – Managing Town Centres and Retail Uses, LP 11 – Managing Clustering of	NPPG: Vitality of Town Centres https://www.gov.uk/guidance /ensuring-the-vitality-of-town- centres

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		the policies, and the NPPF,	Town Centre Uses, LP 12 –	
		where appropriate.	Night Time Economy	
			London Plan: E4, E9, T6.3	
			Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	
Transport Impact Assessment	All major applications.	The coverage and detail of the	Local Plan Policy: LP 22-	NPPG: Travel Plans and
and Green Travel Plan	A Transport Impact	Transport Impact Assessment	Promoting Sustainable	Transport Statements
(inclusive of Parking Survey	Assessment and a Travel Plan	and Travel Plan should reflect	Transport, & LP 23 – Cycling	https://www.gov.uk/guidance
and Transport Statement)	should be	the scale of the development	and Car Parking	/travel-plans-transport-
	submitted alongside	and the extent of the		assessments-and-statements
	non-major planning	transport implications of the	London Plan: GG3, D2, D3, D8	
	applications	proposal. It should look at the		
	which are likely to have	design process and the impact	London Transport Strategy,	TFL Guidance:
	significant transport	on the existing network, as	London Freight Plan.	https://tfl.gov.uk/info-
	implications.	well as any mitigation		for/urban-planning-and-
		measures needed. The Travel	Please also see NPPF, where	construction/guidance-for-
		Plan should promote a modal	relevant.	<u>applicants</u>
		shift and encourage		
		sustainable modes of		
		transport.		
		Major applications will also		
		require a Construction		
		Logistics Plan to demonstrate		
		how trips will be managed.		
		Major developments should		
		be designed to encourage and		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		facilitate active travel with convenient and inclusive pedestrian and cycling routes, crowing points, cycle parking, and legible entrances to buildings, that are aligned with peoples' movement patterns and desire lines in the area. Designs should reduce the dominance of cars.  Designs should support TfL's Healthy Streets Approach.		
Basement Impact Assessment or Construction Method Statement for Basements	All applications that involve basement development.	A Basement Impact Assessment must be carried out and signed by a Chartered Civil Engineer or Charted Structural Engineer.	Local Plan Policy: LP 31 – Basement Development, See also: LP 26, LP 29, LP 32 London Plan: D10 Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	Redbridge Housing Design Guide SPD: https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /media/7276/modified- housing-design-guide-spd.pdf  Planning Portal: Basements https://www.planningportal.c o.uk/info/200130/common_pr ojects/5/basements
CIL Application Forms	All applications where a new dwelling is created, and/or where 100sqm of new gross internal floor space (GIA) is created.	CIL is a charge on new development to pay for infrastructure (e.g. sports facilities, schools, parks, health facilities and transport).	Local Plan Policy: LP 17 – Delivering Community Infrastructure, & LP 41 – Delivery and Monitoring London Plan: DF1	NPPG: CIL https://www.gov.uk/guidance /community-infrastructure- levy

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		Proposals must include a		Planning Portal forms and
		completed 'Form1: CIL	Please also see NPPF, where	guidance:
		Additional Information' to	relevant.	https://www.planningportal.c
		assist the council in		o.uk/info/200136/policy and
		determining CIL liability. This		legislation/70/community_infr
		requires details of new build		astructure_levy/5
		and existing floorspace and		
		the current use of the site. It is		LBR CIL:
		an offence to knowingly or		https://www.redbridge.gov.uk
		recklessly provide inaccurate		/planning-and-
		information.		building/planning-
				policy/community-
		NOTE: Although not a		infrastructure-levy/
		validation requirement, it is		
		also advisable to submit the		
		"Form 2: Assumption of		
		Liability" for CIL-Liable		
		proposals at this stage to		
		avoid delays later in the		
		process.		
		5		
		For potential CIL-liable		
		applications, the inclusion of		
		scale bars, clear		
		measurements of proposed		
		and existing floor areas are		
		strongly recommended on the		
		plans.		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
Environmental Impact Assessment	EIA is a National Statutory Requirement and the applicant should consult The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 and National Planning Practice Guidance as to whether their proposals meet the thresholds for Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 Development.  An EIA is required for all Schedule 1 Development. For Schedule 2 Development – A Local Planning Authority can determine if EIA is required via a screening process and, if required, a scoping opinion is also discretionary, but recommended, to focus on the topics to be covered in the EIA and the mitigation to be offered for any significant environmental impacts.	Requirements will vary according to the site context and specific development proposals – it would be very rare for an application involving an EIA to be submitted without a thorough preapplication discussion, and particular requirements should be identified in that process. Where an EIA is required, Schedule 4 to the regulations sets out the information that should be included in an Environmental Statement.	Local Plan Policy: LP 18 -25  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: EIA https://www.gov.uk/guidance /environmental-impact- assessment
Health Impact Assessment	All major applications of 150+ dwellings	Health and wellbeing impacts must be clearly demonstrated and presented.	Local Plan Policy: LP 18 – Health and Wellbeing, LP 17 – Delivering Community Infrastructure, LP 24 - Pollution	NPPG: Health and Wellbeing <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/</a> <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/">health-and-wellbeing</a> <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/">NHS Guidance</a> :

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		The HIA should assess the		https://www.healthyurbandev
		potential impacts of	London Plan: GG3, E9	elopment.nhs.uk/our-
		development proposals and		services/delivering-healthy-
		Development Plans on the	Please also see NPPF, where	urban-development/health-
		mental and physical health and wellbeing of communities,	relevant.	impact-assessment/
		in order to mitigate any		LBR Health and Wellbeing
		potential negative impacts,		Strategy
		maximise potential positive		https://www.redbridge.gov.uk
		impacts, and help reduce		/media/4814/health-
		health inequalities.		wellbeing-strategy-
		· ·		2017 2021.pdf
		The level of detail required		
		will be determined during		
		screening (where relevant)		
		and will be dependent on the		
		scale and type of		
		development proposed.		
Open Space, Sport, and	All applications for proposals	The assessment should	Local Plan Policy: LP 34 - 40	NPPG: Open Space Guidance
<b>Recreation Assessment</b>	affecting	include plans showing any		https://www.gov.uk/guidance
	designated Green Belt,	areas of existing or proposed	London Plan: GG2, G1, G2, G3,	/open-space-sports-and-
	Metropolitan Open Land or	open space within or adjoining	G4, G5, S5	recreation-facilities-public-
	playing pitches.	the application site, be it		rights-of-way-and-local-green-
		private or public. The	Please also see NPPF, where	<u>space</u>
		assessment should also	relevant.	
		provide justification for the		NPPG: Natural Environment
		loss of open space, and how/if		https://www.gov.uk/guidance
		it is being mitigated or replaced.		<u>/natural-environment</u>

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		For non-major developments, it may be appropriate to include this information in the Design and Access statement.		
Planning Statement	All major applications.	The Statement identifies the context and need for a proposed development and includes an assessment of how the proposed development accords with relevant national, regional and local planning policies.  For non-major developments it may be appropriate to include this information within the Design and Access Statement.	Local Plan Policy: LP 26 – Promoting High Quality Design,  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	National Planning Policy Guidance – Before Submission: https://www.gov.uk/guidance /before-submitting-an- application  Making an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance /making-an-application  When Permission is Required: https://www.gov.uk/guidance /when-is-permission-required  Determining an Application: https://www.gov.uk/guidance /determining-a-planning- application
Statement of Community Involvement	All major applications.	All major applications need to be supported by a statement setting out how the applicant has complied with the requirements for preapplication consultation set out in the local planning	Local Plan Policy: LP 41 – Delivery and Monitoring  See also: Redbridge Statement of Community Involvement (December 2020)	NPPG: Consultation https://www.gov.uk/guidance /consultation-and-pre- decision-matters  Redbridge Statement of Community Involvement:

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		authority's adopted statement of community involvement and demonstrating that the views of the local community have been sought and taken into account in the formulation of development proposals.	Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /media/8890/redbridge-sci- 2020.pdf
		The SCI should provide details of community engagement, meetings etc. and the outcomes of this e.g. Where it was held, on how many occasions, times, dates, photographs, questionnaires, level of response, number of attendees.		
		The SCI should also demonstrate how the scheme has changed due to engagement. This should be set out in a clear and concise way.		
Student Housing Report	All applications that relate to, or involve, the development of student accommodation.	The Student Housing Report should include a Student Management Plan, and how the development is linked to an educational institution, as	Local Plan Policy: LP4 – Specialist Accommodation, & LP 5 – Dwelling Mix London Plan: H15	NPPG: Housing <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/</a> <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/">/housing-and-economic-land-availability-assessment</a>

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		per Local Plan Policy LP 4. The Management Plan should include a Code of Conduct to ensure safety and a prevention of anti-social behaviour.	Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	
Tall Buildings Impact Assessment	All major applications of 18m and above, and/or greater than 6 storeys.  Non major applications should look to guidance in the day light/sun light requirements.	The Assessment should include the variety of impacts a tall building will have on the surrounding area. The assessment should include an urban design analysis, as per LP 27, and follow the criteria set out in LP 26. Other important elements to consider include, but not confined to, the following:	Local Plan Policy: LP 27 – Tall Buildings  See also LP26, LP29, LP 32)  London Plan: D9  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Design https://www.gov.uk/guidance/design

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		<ul> <li>Transport/Movem ent Strategy</li> <li>Microclimate (wind levels at ground floor level)</li> <li>Any other associated impact (site dependant)</li> </ul>		
Waste/Site Waste Management Plan/Service Delivery Plan	All major and non-major applications for change of use and creation of new residential units	The appropriate arrangements and/or space for the storage and collection of recycling and refuse, and to ensure that the premises can be adequately serviced (i.e. A service and delivery plan) Details to be included on the site plan and/or address them as part of the application.  This should include:  The location of loading and unloading The hours of loading and unloading The frequency and size of vehicles Swept paths Allocated areas for general (200	Local Plan Policy: LP 24 – Pollution, & LP 22 – Promoting Sustainable Transport  London Plan: SI 7, SI 8  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Waste https://www.gov.uk/guidance /waste  East London Waste Plan (2012) https://eastlondonwaste.gov. uk/minutes/jwdp.pdf

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		litres per flat) and		
		recyclable waste		
		(30 litres per flat)		
		streams with		
		accommodation		
		for growth of		
		waste stream (ie		
		electrical waste)		
		<ul> <li>Separate areas for</li> </ul>		
		non residential		
		waste if a mixed		
		use scheme that		
		may get collected		
		privately		
		<ul> <li>Travel distances</li> </ul>		
		from Refuse		
		Collection		
		Vehicles (RCVs) to		
		unloading areas		
		(not more than		
		25m dragging		
		distance within		
		the site or not		
		more than 10m		
		for no more than		
		two eurobins if on		
		public highway)		
		<ul> <li>How there will be</li> </ul>		
		private		
		management to		
		ensure Eurobins		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		are presented at the site boundary for collection by LB Redbridge RCVs • Provision of dropped kerbs on the highways for this purpose • Wheelie bins – to be informed by new internal guidance from Civic Pride		
Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Management Plan	All applications for conversions/changes of use to HMOs.	The HMO management plan should demonstrate how the HMO is laid out, and how it complies with LP6: Dwelling Conversions, Houses in Multiple Occupation and Buildings in Multiple Residential Occupation.	Local Plan Policy: LP4 – Specialist Accommodation, LP 5 – Dwelling Mix, & LP 6 – Dwelling Conversion, Houses in Multiple Occupation and Buildings in Multiple Residential Occupation  London Plan Policies: D6, H1, H9, H16  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	For reference: https://www.gov.uk/governm ent/publications/licensing-of- houses-in-multiple- occupation-in-england-a- guide-for-landlords-and- managers  Redbridge guidance: https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /planning-and- building/protected-buildings- and-conservation- areas/article-4-direction-c4- hmos/

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
Financial Viability Assessment	All major applications where there is a planning policy requirement that is not met within the development (ie the development provides under 35% affordable housing, or under 50% affordable housing for development on public/industrial land) or where the affordable housing is not a 60/40% split between affordable rented and intermediate tenures at rents set by the London Plan SPG.	The assessment should include a full Viability report, which will be published by the Council, and an executive summary, this will also be published. The reports should be written in plain English. It is encouraged that affordable housing viability is fully assessed and discussed at preapplication stage.  Written confirmation that the agent will fund for this to be independently assessed will also be submitted to the Council.  Any element of the report which is required to be redacted prior to publication will need to be fully justified, and agreed by the Council. The redacted elements will be assessed by the Council's assessors.	Local Plan Policy: LP 41 – Delivery and Monitoring,  See also: LP 3, LP 15, LP 16, & LP 20  London Plan: H4, H5, DF1  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.  Planning Obligations SPD	NPPG: Viability https://www.gov.uk/guidance /viability  GLA: Homes for Londoners SPG https://www.london.gov.uk/w hat-we- do/planning/implementing- london-plan/supplementary- planning-guidance/affordable- housing-and  NPPG: Obligations https://www.gov.uk/guidance /planning-obligations  Redbridge Planning Obligations SPD: https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /media/9278/planning- obligations-spd-2019.pdf
Affordable and Managed Workspace Management Plan	All major applications for office or mixed-use development including commercial floorspace.	Prior to first occupation of the development, the Owners shall submit a Management Plan for approval in writing by	Local Plan Policy: LP 15 – Managed Workspace,	

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		the Local Planning Authority. The Management Plan shall demonstrate how the managed floorspace within the building will operate in accordance with the principles set out in Policies LP 15 and LP 16, and the corresponding supporting text in the Local Plan.  Note: Major residential developments with a small proportion of commercial development does not trigger this requirement.	London Plan: E1, E2, E3, E5, E8, E11  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	
S106 – Draft Heads of Terms	Draft heads of terms to be submitted to the Council for all major applications	The draft heads of terms should set out the areas into which the applicant and the Council will agree on, whereby payments may have to be made. This should be discussed at pre-application advice meetings.	Local Plan Policy: LP 41 – Delivery and Monitoring,  See also: LP 3, LP 15, LP 16, & LP 20  London Plan: H4 – H7, DF1  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Obligations https://www.gov.uk/guidance /planning-obligations  LBR Planning Obligations SPD https://www.redbridge.gov.uk /media/9278/planning- obligations-spd-2019.pdf
Noise Assessment	If your proposal is for a noise sensitive development and is adjoining an existing noise	Noise: You must submit a noise impact assessment prepared by a qualified	Local Plan Policy: LP 24 - Pollution	NPPG: Noise https://www.gov.uk/guidance /noise2

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
	source (upper floor of a pub/night club/industrial site/railway line) or your proposal has the potential to generate noise.	acoustician, and in line with British Standards and World Health Organisation guidelines. Provide details of the following:  • the existing noise levels measured over 24hrs, including background noises elevels or outputs (where appropriate) • the measures proposed to reduce noise [e.g. design, orientation, insulation] • examples of the calculations and assumptions made; and • the measuring equipment and calibration certificate	London Plan: D13, D14  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		Vibration: For sites adjoining		
		the main line railway a		
		vibration assessment should		
		also be submitted		
		Please note the agent of		
		change principle to changes of		
		use.		
		Noise sensitive uses include:		
		Residential		
		development		
		• Student		
		accommodation		
		<ul> <li>Care homes</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Hotels</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Schools</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Hospitals</li> </ul>		
		Noise generating uses include:		
		Rail infrastructure		
		<ul><li>Pubs / Bars / Music</li></ul>		
		Venues / Nightclubs		
		<ul> <li>Leisure uses [former</li> </ul>		
		D2 use class]		
		<ul> <li>B8 Logistics /</li> </ul>		
		Distribution uses		
		<ul> <li>Motor car/bike</li> </ul>		
		tracks/speedways		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		<ul> <li>BMX, skateboard, scooter, mountain bike tracks</li> <li>MUGAs</li> <li>Sport stadia</li> <li>B2 Use Class developments [industrial]</li> <li>Wind Turbines</li> <li>Gymnasia</li> </ul>		
Flues and Vents Assessment	All applications where the installation of plant, flues, ventilation, extraction or air conditioning equipment is proposed.	Details of the position and design of any equipment shall be provided, including predicted noise levels/and odour abatement measures, providing manufacturers specifications, and how they are to be maintained and frequency of filter changes/cleaning regime.	Local Plan Policy: LP 26 – Promoting High Quality Design, & LP 24 - Pollution  London Plan: SI 1, SI 2  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Air Quality https://www.gov.uk/guidance /air-quality3
Ecological and Biodiversity Assessment	All major applications where site is on or adjacent to designated local wildlife sites (LWS) (both statutory and non-statutory), rivers, brownfield and open space, and/or where protected species may be in the locality.	An Ecological Impact Assessment (EcIA) following CIEEM technical Guidance.  External lighting plans including times of operation, spectrum details and contextualised lux spill maps.	Local Plan Policy: LP 37 — Green Infrastructure and Blue Ribbon Networks, LP 39 — Nature Conservation and Biodiversity.  See also: LP19-25, and 34 -39 London Plan: G6	NPPG: Natural Environment https://www.gov.uk/guidance /natural-environment  Mayor of London's Urban Greening and Biodiversity Net Gain Guide: https://www.london.gov.uk/w hat-we-do/urban-greening-

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		Contextualised daylight /		biodiversity-net-gain-design-
		sunlight plans.	Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	guide
		A Construction Environment Management Plan (CEMP) detailing method statements, timeframes and post clearance monitoring.	relevanti	
		Detailed design ecological mitigation and improvement following EcIA and lighting plans, in the form of detailed architectural, Mechanical and Electrical (M&E) landscape drawings with specification		
		A biodiversity net gain approach should be applied:		
		Where the benefits of the development proposal clearly outweigh the impacts on biodiversity, the following		
		mitigation hierarchy should be applied to minimise		
		development impacts: 1)		
		avoid damaging the significant		
		ecological features of the site		
		2) minimise the overall spatial		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		impact and mitigate it by		
		improving the quality or		
		management of the rest of the		
		site		
		3) deliver off-site		
		compensation of better		
		biodiversity value.		
Construction Logistics and	All major applications.	To enable the impact of the	Local Plan Policy: LP 22 –	https://www.ccscheme.org.uk
Management Plan (CMP)		process of development of a	Promoting Sustainable	/ccs-ltd/code-of-considerate-
		scheme to be to an acceptable	Transport	practice-2/
		standard ensuring		and
		neighbouring amenity is	London Plan Policy T7	https://www.ccscheme.org.uk
		respected with the delivery of		<u>/clocs/</u>
		materials and waste disposal		
		undertaken sustainably and		TfL:
		with limited impact on the		http://content.tfl.gov.uk/cons
		local road network.		truction-logistics-plan-
				guidance-for-developers.pdf
		Areas covered include; hours		
		of operation, location of		
		temporary buildings (office,		
		toilets, first aid), areas for		
		temporary storage of		
		materials and waste, hoarding		
		location and design, message boards for staff and public,		
		communications with		
		neighbours, wheel washing for		
		vehicles, compliance with		
		•		
		considerate constructors		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		scheme or equivalent,		
		mitigation for potential		
		nuisance form vibration,		
		noise, air pollution or visually,		
		condition survey of pavements		
		and roads before and after		
		building works and how this is		
		to be monitored and repaired		
		should it be necessary.		
Affordable Housing	All major applications	To enable the LPA to	Local Plan Policy: LP 3 –	Mayor of London's Affordable
Statement	proposing residential uses of	understand how many	Affordable Housing	Housing and viability SPG:
	10 or more units or 1000m <sup>2</sup> of	affordable rented and		https://www.london.gov.uk/w
	residential floorspace.	intermediate homes are being	See also: LP5	<u>hat-we-</u>
		provided, which flats are		do/planning/implementing-
		allocated for each type of	London Plan H4, H6	london-plan/london-plan-
		affordable home, what		guidance-and-spgs/affordable-
		Registered Provider (RP) is to	Please also see NPPF, where	housing-and-viability-
		manage them and at what	relevant.	supplementary-planning-
		rents they will be charged		guidance-spg
		including service charges.		
		The wheelchair units (10%		
		overall) that are affordable		
		under Standard M4(3) of the		
		Building regulations should be		
		shown as "accessible" (ie fully		
		fitted out) from the outset and		
		"adaptable" (capable of being		
		fitted out at a later stage) if		

Validation Requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements:	Guidance
		provided in the market housing.		
		A net gain approach is applied. This requirement does not apply to an existing block of flats.		
Community Use Statement	Where there is an application which includes the loss of a community use	To enable the LPA to understand whether there is no longer a need within the local community for the existing use or for reuse, the building is no longer suitable or the facilities are being reprovided elsewhere in the borough	Local Plan Policy: LP17 – Delivering Community Infrastructure	

Climate Impact Assessment					
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:	
Sustainability and	All major	This assessment is in order to establish the likely significant	Local Plan Policy: LP 32	NPPG: Energy	
<b>Energy Assessment</b>	applications.	effects of the development proposed upon the climate. This	– Sustainable Design	https://www.gov.uk/	
		information will be taken into account in the decision making	and Construction, & LP	guidance/renewable	
		process.	19 - 25	-and-low-carbon-	
				energy	
		The first stage of the impact assessment is to provide scoping to	London Plan: Chapter 9		
		identify the key climate issues and public concerns.	London Plan Policies SI		
			2, SI 3, SI 4	Mayor of London's	
		The assessment of climate impacts should be made using	Please also see NPPF,	Energy Guidance:	
		available evidence of who will be impacted, a baseline,	where relevant.	https://www.london	
		prediction, significance, and mitigation of impacts.		gov.uk/sites/default/	
				files/gla_energy_ass	
		All major development should be net-zero-carbon. They should		essment guidance a	
		follow the energy hierarchy as set out in the London Plan as follows:		pril_2020.pdf	
				https://www.london	
		1) be lean: use less energy and manage demand during operation		gov.uk/what-we-	
				do/planning/plannin	
		2) be clean: exploit local energy resources (such as secondary		g-applications-and-	
		heat) and supply energy efficiently and cleanly		decisions/pre-	
				planning-application	
		3) be green: maximise opportunities for renewable energy by		meeting-service-0	
		producing, storing and using renewable energy on-site			
				Mayor of London's	
		4) be seen: monitor, verify and report on energy performance.		"Be Seen" Energy	
				Monitoring	
		A detailed energy strategy is required to demonstrate how the		Guidance:	
		zero-carbon target will be met within the framework of the		https://www.london	
		energy hierarchy.		gov.uk/what-we-	

		Climate Impact Assessment		
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:
requirement:	require this:	A minimum on-site reduction of at least 35 per cent beyond Building Regulations is required for major development. Residential development should achieve 10 per cent, and non-residential development should achieve 15 per cent through energy efficiency measures. Where it is clearly demonstrated that the zero-carbon target cannot be fully achieved on-site, any shortfall should be provided, in agreement with the borough through a cash in lieu contribution to the borough's carbon offset fund.  Details of the carbon offset calculation will be required using guidance and templates provided by the GLA.  Major development proposals outside Heat Network Priority Areas should select a low-carbon heating system that is appropriate to the heat demand of the development, provides a solution for managing peak demand, as with heat networks, and avoids high energy bills for occupants.  The Energy Assessment should be easy to read and understand. It should include clear data tables, and comply with the requirements set out in the various policies.		do/planning/implementing-london-plan/london-plan-guidance/be-seen-energy-monitoring-guidance
		<ul> <li>To include the following topics;</li> <li>Managing heat risk using the cooling hierarchy as outlined in London Plan Policy SI 4.</li> <li>Cooling and use of passive ventilation to minimise energy use;</li> </ul>		

Climate Impact Assessment					
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:	
		<ul> <li>Mitigation measures</li> <li>Design to minimise energy use otherwise (ie orientation and materials, variation in window size and landscaping); and</li> <li>Use of renewable energy (eg photovoltaic, solar thermal, geothermal)</li> <li>District heating connection assessment if development is located within District Heating Network Priority Area</li> <li>The requirements stated in paragraph 9.2.12 of the London Plan</li> <li>The heat source for communal heating systems should follow the heating hierarchy as detailed in the London Plan Policy SI 3 Energy Infrastructure.</li> <li>Conclusions and recommendations of the assessment should remove or mitigate negative impacts on the climate or to enhance positive.</li> <li>The assessment should finally provide details to monitor the impacts on the climate and enhance existing evidence bases.</li> </ul>			
Green Infrastructure Assessment including Urban Greening Factor	All Major developments	An assessment of existing green infrastructure onsite. The proposals should help to achieve a minimum 10% net gain in tree canopy cover for the Mayor of London's target and also contribute towards national requirements for Biodiversity Net Gain as per the Environment Act 2021.	London Plan Policies: G1 and G5 Please also see Environment Act 2021	London Plan: https://www.london gov.uk/sites/default/ files/the london pla n 2021.pdf	

		Climate Impact Assessment		
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:
·		An assessment and calculation of the Urban Greening factor (UGF) to be implemented and long-term maintenance of green infrastructure.	and Mayor of London's Environment Strategy.	GLA's Urban Greening Factor Guidance: <a href="https://www.londor">https://www.londor</a>
		The Urban Greening Factor for a proposed development is calculated in the following way: (Factor A x Area) + (Factor B x Area) + (Factor C x Area) etc. divided by Total Site Area.		gov.uk/sites/default, files/urban_greening factor_lpg_pre- consultation_draft.p
		The interim targets from the London Plan are: 0.4 minimum for major new residential developments and 0.3 minimum for major new commercial developments (excluding B2 & B8 uses).		<u> </u>
Whole life-cycle carbon assessment (WLCA)	All major applications referable to the GLA/ Mayor of London	The Whole life-cycle carbon assessment should contain information on the estimated emissions, actions taken to reduce whole life-cycle carbon emissions, opportunities to further reduce the developments WLC emissions, assumption for maintenance, repair, replacement.  Developers should use the guidance and templates provided by the GLA in the Mayor of London's Whole life-cycle Carbon assessments Guidance.	London Plan Policy SI2	Mayor of London's WLCA guidance: https://www.londongov.uk/what-we-do/planning/implementing-london-plan/london-plan-guidance/whole-life-cycle-carbon-assessments-
		To fully capture a development's carbon impact, a whole life-cycle approach is needed to capture its unregulated emissions, its embodied emissions and emissions associated with maintenance, repair and replacement as well as dismantling, demolition and eventual material disposal.		guidance

Climate Impact Assessment				
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:
Circular Economy Statement	All major applications referable to the GLA/ Mayor of London	A Circular Economy Statement should be submitted, to demonstrate:  1) how all materials arising from demolition and remediation works will be re-used and/or recycled  2) how the proposal's design and construction will reduce material demands and enable building materials, components and products to be disassembled and re-used at the end of their useful life  3) opportunities for managing as much waste as possible on site 4) adequate and easily accessible storage space and collection systems to support recycling and re-use  5) how much waste the proposal is expected to generate, and how and where the waste will be managed in accordance with the waste hierarchy  6) how performance will be monitored and reported.  Developers should use the guidance and templates provided by the GLA in the Mayor of London's Circular Economy Statement Guidance.  This should link to the construction management plan.	London Plan Policies SI 7, SI 8	See also: NPPG: Waste https://www.gov.uk/ guidance/waste  Mayor of London's Circular Economy Statement Guidance https://www.london. gov.uk/what-we- do/regeneration/adv ice-and- guidance/about- good-growth- design/design- circular-economy
BREEAM Assessment: BREEAM (Pre- Assessment) (Energy) BREEAM	All non-residential major applications (non-major developments are encouraged to meet these standards).	For both: A BREEAM assessment certified by an accredited assessor is required for non-residential, as set out in LP 32, which establishes the sustainability performance of buildings to strive for an 'excellent' rating. These include the refurbishment of non domestic buildings, new non domestic buildings over 1000sqm in size, and extensions to non domestic buildings where the proposed extension is equal to or greater than 50% of the	Local Plan Policy: LP32 – Sustainable Design and Construction London Plan: Chapter 9	NPPG: Energy https://www.gov.uk/ guidance/renewable -and-low-carbon- energy

Climate Impact Assessment				
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:
Domestic Refurbishment Scheme (Energy)	Applicants should submit BREEAM preassessment as appropriate to demonstrate how the proposed development will achieve the necessary credits for final certification of the required level.	existing floor space. Initial design SBEM calculation, technical details of proposed system(s), saving calculation following approved method summarised in an Energy Statement, as required by the London Plan. If not viable to undertake to this standard a statement explaining the implications will be required.  Complying with Building Regulations 2013.	Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	
Sunlight/Daylight Assessment	All major applications.	The assessment should show indicative levels of existing and proposed sunlight and daylight before and after the new development. Please note that if amendments are requested, it may be necessary for the daylight/sunlight assessment to be recalculated if there is likely to be a significant/material change to the development.  The assessment should conform to the methodology identified in the Building Research Establishment guidance 'Site layout planning for daylight and sunlight: A guide to good practice' (2011).	Local Plan Policy: LP 26  — Promoting High Quality Design, & LP 29  — Amenity and Internal Space Standards  London Plan: D3, D6, D8, D9  Please also see NPPF, where relevant.	NPPG: Design https://www.gov.uk/ guidance/design
Flood Risk Assessment and Sustainable Urban Drainage	Site-specific Flood Risk Assessments including Sustainable Urban Drainage	An FRA should be submitted if the development proposal site falls within an area identified in the Council's Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA). This demonstrates that both the strategic sites in policy LP1 and the proposed opportunity sites listed in	Local Plan Policy: LP 21  – Water and Flooding  London Plan: SI 12, SI 13	NPPG: Flood Risk https://www.gov.uk/ guidance/flood-risk- and-coastal-change

	Climate Impact Assessment				
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:	
Scheme/Report/	assessment for all	Appendix 1 pass these tests where necessary. Major			
Assessment	<b>new</b> developments	developments will be required to constrain runoff volumes for a	The Environment		
	that meet the following criteria:	1 in 100 year, 6 hour rainfall event, where feasible.	Agency website also provides detailed maps	Further National Guidance:	
	Tollowing Criteria.	A drainage report should be submitted with all major	on flood risk.	https://www.gov.uk/	
	i Sites of one hectare	applications, basement developments and other vulnerable	on nood risk.	guidance/flood-risk-	
	or greater in Flood	development in areas identified at risk of flooding. This should	Please also see NPPF,	assessment-for-	
	Zone 1 (low	include:	where relevant.	planning-	
	probability);	• identification of flood risk;	where relevant.	applications	
	ii All new	• assessment of existing run-off rates;		аррисаціонз	
	development	• calculation of greenfield run-off rates;			
	(including minor	• identification of measures, in line with		Non Statutory SUDS	
	development and	the drainage hierarchy, to reduce runoff		Guidance:	
	changes of use) in	rates; and		https://www.gov.uk	
	Flood Zones 2	• calculation of proposed run-off rates.		government/publica	
	(medium probability)	' '		ions/sustainable-	
	and Flood Zone 3	To help combat this, the incorporation of Sustainable Drainage		drainage-systems-	
	(high probability);	Systems (SUDS) into new developments is an effective way of		non-statutory-	
	iii Land within Flood	mitigating flood risk, and as such is encouraged in policy LP21.		technical-standards	
	Zone 1 which has	These include measures such as green roofs, permeable surfaces			
	critical drainage	and storm water retention basins which can reduce both the rate		Council's Strategic	
	problems (as notified	and amount of run-off.		Flood Risk	
	by the Environment			Assessment:	
	Agency);	All applications, including minor, should complete the GLA's		https://www.redbrid	
	iv Land identified	London Sustainable Drainage Proforma for Redbridge available		ge.gov.uk/media/22	
	within the Council's	here: https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-		84/draft-strategic-	
	Strategic Flood Risk	do/environment/climate-change/surface-water/london-		flood-risk-	
	Assessment and/or	sustainable-drainage-proforma#acc-i-56815		assessment-level-	
	Environment Agency			<u>1.pdf</u>	

Climate Impact Assessment				
Validation requirement:	Applications which require this:	What information is required:	Policy relating to requirements	Guidance:
	as being subject to surface water flooding; v Development within Flood Zone 3 which introduces a sensitive or more vulnerable end use; and SUDs scheme for all major applications.	All details of SUDs should be included in the FRA, or if necessary, the Design and Access statement for smaller schemes.  Development proposals should aim to achieve greenfield run-off rates and ensure that surface water run-off is managed as close to its source as possible. There should also be a preference for green over grey features, in line with the drainage hierarchy as listed in London Plan Policy SI 13 Sustainable drainage.  If a development is to occur in the surface water flood extent area, SUDS would be required to ensure that the proposed development does not increase the surface water runoff.  Please be advised that it is best to speak with the Local Planning Authority in advance via pre-application on matters such as flood risk.  Surface water flood extent from the Environment Agency's modelling and Redbridge's SFRA to be treated the same as in Flood Zone 3.		Sensitive and vulnerable end uses from NPPG and Environment Agency:  https://assets.publihing.service.gov.uk/overnment/uploadssystem/uploads/attchment_data/file/600/2115548.pdf  https://www.gov.ul/guidance/flood-riskand-coastal-change#flood-zone-and-flood-risk-table

<sup>\*</sup>During the assessment of an application, a case officer may require additional information which does not appear on this list. This information will be essential for the timely determination of your application. If this information is not forthcoming, the Council may agree to an extension of time with the applicant/agent, or, should no agreement be reached, refuse the scheme due to the lack of the aforementioned appropriate information.

## **London Borough of Redbridge documents:**

London Borough of Redbridge Local Plan (2015-2030) - <a href="https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning-policy/local-plan/">https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning-policy/local-plan/</a>

London Borough of Redbridge Planning Policy Guidance - <a href="https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning-policy/">https://www.redbridge.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning-policy/</a>

## **Greater London Authority documents:**

Greater London Authority: London Plan (2021) - https://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/the london plan 2021.pdf

Greater London Authority: Homes for Londoners Supplementary Planning Guidance - <a href="https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/housing-and-land/homes-londoners">https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/housing-and-land/homes-londoners</a>

## **National Planning Policy Framework and Guidance:**

NPPF - https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/planning-practice-guidance

NPPG - https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/planning-practice-guidance

NPPG: Flexile Options for Permission - <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flexible-options-for-planning-permissions">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flexible-options-for-planning-permissions</a>

## **Greater London Authority (GLA) Planning Data Standard**

In line with the GLA London Development Database (LDD) Automation Project, new information will be required to validate planning applications.

https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/planning/london-plan/london-development-database/london-development-database-automation-project